

This page of a musical score, labeled '6' in the top left corner, contains a complex arrangement of musical staves. The notation is dense, featuring a variety of rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and rests. Dynamics are indicated throughout, with 'ff' (fortissimo) appearing frequently in the lower staves, and 'mf' (mezzo-forte) and 'f' (forte) appearing in the upper staves. Performance markings such as 'dim.' (diminuendo), 'legg.' (leggiero), and 'espr.' (espressivo) are used to guide the performer's interpretation. The score is written in treble and bass clefs, with various key signatures and time signatures. The notation is complex, with many beamed notes and slurs. The page is divided into two main sections by a double bar line. The first section contains several staves of music, and the second section contains more staves, including some that are empty. The overall style is that of a classical or romantic era musical score.

A

The musical score is written for a large ensemble, including woodwinds, brass, strings, and percussion. The score is divided into systems, with the first system starting at measure 1 and the second system starting at measure 11. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamics include *mf*, *cresc.*, *f*, *espr. e*, *fp*, *marc.*, and *con Ped.*. The score also includes a section marked **A** at the beginning of the first system and another marked **A** at the end of the second system. The percussion section is marked *con Ped.* at the end of the second system.

mf *cresc.* *f* *espr. e* *cresc.* *fp* *marc.* *cresc.* *con Ped.*

This image shows a page of musical notation, likely a score for a piano. The notation is arranged in two systems of staves. The top system consists of 11 staves, and the bottom system consists of 5 staves. The music is written in a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. Dynamics include fortissimo (ff), mezzo-forte (mf), decrescendo (dim.), and crescendo (cresc.). There are also markings for marcato (marc.) and espr. (espressivo). The bottom of the page features the instruction "senza Ped." (senza Pedal). The page is numbered "13" in the bottom left corner.

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony. The score is written for a large ensemble, including strings and woodwinds. The notation is in a key with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The page contains several systems of staves. The top system includes a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) and a separate staff for a woodwind instrument (likely a flute or piccolo). The middle section features multiple staves for string instruments, with some staves having a double bar line and a repeat sign. The bottom section includes a grand staff and a separate staff for a woodwind instrument. The score is marked with various dynamics, including 'f' (forte), 'p' (piano), 'cresc.' (crescendo), and 'marc.' (marcato). The notation includes notes, rests, and slurs. The page is numbered '15' in the bottom right corner.

B

musical score for section B, page 10. The score is for a large ensemble, including strings, woodwinds, brass, and percussion. It features complex rhythmic patterns, dynamic markings, and articulation.

Key markings and dynamics include:

- cresc.* (crescendo)
- mf* (mezzo-forte)
- ff* (fortissimo)
- marc.* (marcato)
- fff marc. molto* (fortississimo marcato molto)
- con Ped.* (con Pedal)

The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. It consists of 10 staves, with the first 8 staves representing the main ensemble and the last 2 staves representing the piano accompaniment.

senza Ped.

Musical score for a piece in C major, featuring piano, violin, and vocal parts. The score includes dynamic markings like *mf*, *f*, and crescendos, as well as performance instructions like *legg.* and *espr.*.

The vocal parts (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) sing the following lyrics:

ma - marc. - gni - fi-cat, ma - gni-fi-cat a - ni-ma me - a, legg. a -
 ma - marc. - gni - fi-cat a - ni-ma me - a, ma - gni - fi-
 ma - marc. - gni - fi-cat, ma - gni - fi-cat, ma - gni - fi-cat, ma - gni - fi-cat, ma -
 ma - marc. - gni - fi-cat, ma - gni - fi-cat, ma - gni - fi-cat, ma - gni - fi-cat, ma -
 ma - gni - fi-cat, ma - gni - fi-cat, ma - gni - fi-cat, ma - gni - fi-cat, ma -
 ma - gni - fi-cat, ma - gni - fi-cat a - ni-ma

The piano part includes markings such as *mf*, *f*, *legg.*, *espr.*, and *espressivo*. The violin part includes markings like *mf*, *f*, and *espr.*.

The score concludes with a repeat sign and a first ending (I.) marked *f marc.*

The musical score is written for piano and voice. The piano part consists of a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The vocal part is written in a single staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The lyrics are in Latin and are repeated across several lines of the vocal staff.

The score includes various musical markings such as *f* (forte), *marc.* (marcato), *espr.* (espressivo), *cresc.* (crescendo), *sempre*, *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *con Ped.* (con pedale).

The lyrics are:

 - nima me-a, a - ni-ma me-a, a - nima me-a Do - mi -

 cat, ma - gni-fi-cat a - nima, a - nima me-a, a - nima me-a, a - ni-ma me-a Do - mi -

 gni - fiat, ma - gni - fi-cat a - nima me-a, a - nima me-a, a - nima me-a Do - mi -

 gni - fiat, ma - gni - fi-cat a - nima me-a, ma-gni - fi-cat a - ni-ma me-a Do - mi -

 me-a, a - nima me-a, a - nima me-a, a - nima me-a, a - ni-ma me-a Do-mi -

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

f ma dolce
mf
mf
mf
f espr.
mf legg.
mf legg.
f marc.
mf
f
ma - gni - ficat, ma - gni - ficat, ma - gni - ficat, ma - gni - ficat, ma -
ma - gni - ficat, ma - gni - ficat, ma - gni - ficat a - ni - ma me - a, a -
gni - ficat, ma - gni - ficat, a - ni - ma me - a, ma - gni - fi -
gni - ficat, marc. ma - gni - ficat, ff marc. ma - gni - ficat, ma -
gni - ficat, ma - gni - fi - cat, ma - gni - ficat a - ni - ma
f
mf marc.
mf
mf

This is a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony, featuring multiple staves with complex notation. The score is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The dynamics range from fortissimo (ff) to mezzo-forte (mf), with crescendo (cresc.) markings indicating increasing volume. There are also articulation marks like staccato (stacc.) and sforzando (sf). The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines, and the page is numbered 20 in the top left corner. The notation is dense and detailed, typical of a professional musical score.

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony. The score is written for a large ensemble, including woodwinds, strings, and possibly brass. The notation is complex, featuring many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, indicating a fast tempo. Dynamic markings such as *espr.* (espressivo), *marc.* (marcato), *f marc.* (forte marcato), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *f* (forte), and *cresc.* (crescendo) are used throughout. The score is organized into systems, with each system containing multiple staves. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 4/4. The page is numbered 10 in the bottom right corner.

senza rit.

Musical score for a large ensemble, page 22. The score features multiple staves with complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes. Dynamics range from *ff* (fortissimo) to *cresc.* (crescendo). Performance markings include *marc.* (marcato) and *marc. molto* (marcato molto). The tempo is marked *senza rit.* (senza ritardando). The score concludes with *senza rit.* and *attacca N°2.*

No 2. Et exultavit. (Arie für Mezzosopran.)

Andante con moto.

Violino I.

Violino II.

Viola.

Soprano II.

Violoncello e Basso.

Cembalo.

The musical score is for a section of a larger work, likely an opera or ballet, given the presence of vocal parts. It is written for six instruments: Violino I, Violino II, Viola, Soprano II, Violoncello e Basso, and Cembalo. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/8. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Dynamics include *f* (forte), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *mp* (mezzo-piano), *p* (piano), and *pp* (pianissimo). There are also markings for *f espr.* (forte espressivo) and *marc.* (marcato). The Cembalo part includes a *leggiere* (light) marking. The Soprano II part has a *più f* (more forte) marking. The Violoncello e Basso part has a *marc.* marking. The Violino I and II parts have a *f* marking. The Viola part has a *f* marking. The Cembalo part has a *mf* marking. The score is written in a standard musical notation with staves and clefs. The Violino I and II parts are in treble clef. The Viola part is in alto clef. The Soprano II part is in soprano clef. The Violoncello e Basso part is in bass clef. The Cembalo part is in treble and bass clef. The score is a page from a larger manuscript, with the page number 15 visible in the bottom left corner.

The image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a vocal and piano arrangement of Schubert's 'Missa'. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. It features several staves: a vocal line at the top, followed by three piano staves (treble and bass clefs), and a double bass line at the bottom. The music is characterized by its flowing, lyrical quality, with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. Dynamic markings are prominent throughout, including 'piu f', 'ff', 'p', 'mf', and 'f marc.'. The lyrics 'Et ex-ul-ta-vit spi-ri-tus' are visible under the vocal line. The page is numbered '2' in the top right corner.

me - us, et ex - ul - ta - vit spi - ri - tus

poco a poco cresc.

poco a poco cresc.

poco a poco cresc.

mf

me-us, et ex-ul-ta-vit spi-ri-tus me-us, et ex-ul-ta-

marc. *poco a poco cresc.* *marc.*

poco a poco cresc.

f *legg. e dim.* *p* *mf legg.*

f *legg. e dim.* *p* *p*

f *legg. e dim.* *mf* *p* *espr.*

-vit spi-ri-tus me-us in De-o sa-lu-ta-

f *dim.* *p*

pp *mf legg.* *p* *mf legg.* *p*

pp *p* *cresc.*

ri, sa-lu-ta-ri

Vclli coll'arco

pp C.B. pizz. *p. a p. cresc.*

poco ritenuto

B a tempo

25

me-o, in De-o sa-lu-ta-ri me-o.

Tutti. *poco a poco cresc.*

f *espr.* *p* *C.B. coll' arco* *mf marc.* *p* *f marc.*

f *p* *p* *cresc.*

B

Et ex-ul-ta-vit spi-ri-tus me-us in

Ein Pult.

mf cresc. *ff* *mp* *p*

mf *ff* *p C.B. pizz.* *p*

Zwei Pulte. *un poco rit.*

mf legg. *p* *mf* *p*

De-o sa-lu-ta-ri, sa-lu-ta-ri me-

C.B. coll' arco *C.B. pizz.* *f espressivo* *espr.*

mf marc. *mf* *p* *mf*

a tempo

C

poco ritenuto - - - Dà tempo
- Tutti.

f p f p f espr. Tutti. mf

f p p espr. Tutti. mf

f p C.B. pizz. cresc. f C.B. coll' arco f marc. mf

f p cresc. f

ri me - o, in De-o sa-lu-ta-ri me-o.

D

D

The musical score for 'L'Espresso' by Franz Liszt is presented in two systems. The first system consists of five staves: three for the piano (treble, middle, and bass clefs) and two for the violin (treble and bass clefs). The piano part begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and features a melodic line in the right hand and a supporting bass line in the left hand. The violin part enters with a *piu f* dynamic and plays a rapid, sixteenth-note melody. The second system continues the piece, with the piano part showing a *marc.* (marcato) articulation and a *mf* (mezzo-forte) dynamic in the left hand. The violin part continues its melodic line, with a *piu f* dynamic and a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The score concludes with a *ten.* (tension) marking and a *ff* (fortissimo) dynamic. The overall tempo is marked *And.* (Andante).

No 3. Quia respexit. (Arie für Sopran.)

27

Adagio.

(Ein Bläser.)

Oboe d'amore I.

Soprano I.

Violoncello e Basso.

Cembalo.

Solo.
p sempre molto espressivo ma con tenerezza
pp
pp

Ein Pult.
p
espr.
espr.
mf espr.

p molto arpeggiando
espr.

f
pp
p dolce e teneramente
Qui - a re - spe - xit

mp
pp
G. B. pizz.
mp espr.

dim.
pp

molto espr.
pp
hu - mi - li - ta - tem, hu - mi - li - ta - tem an - cil - lae su - - ae,

pp
mp espr.
pp
mp espr.
p
mp espr.

pp
mp

Im Ausdruck steigern.
pp
qui - - a re - spe - - xit hu - mi - li - ta - - tem,

p
mp espr.
p
mp espr.
p
mp espr.

rall. - - - A Più Adagio.

hu - mi - li - ta - - tem an - cil - lae su - - ae:

pp *mp espr.* *p* *dim.* *C. B. coll' arco* *mp espr.*

rit. - - - A Poco più Andante.

ec - ce, ec - ce,

pp *p* *espr.*

ec - ce, ec - ce, ec-ce e-nim ex hoc be - a - tam, ec-ce e - nim ex hoc be -

mf *mp* *f* *espr.* *mf espr.*

ritardando

a - tam, be - a - - - tam me di - cent, be - a - - - tam, be - a - - - tam me di -

mf espr. *p* *mf espr.*

Nº 4. Omnes generationes. (Chor.)

Allegro maestoso.

Flauto traverso I. *Tutti.*

Flauto traverso II. *Tutti. mf*

Oboe d'amore I. *Solo. ppp*

Oboe d'amore II. *Tutti. mf*

Fagotto. *Tutti. f marc.*

Violino I. *Tutti. f marc.*

Violino II. *Tutti. mf*

Viola. *Tutti. mf*

Soprano I. *Solo. Tutti. f marc.*

Soprano II. *Tutti. f marc.*

Alto. *Tutti. f marc.*

Tenore. *Tutti. f marc.*

Basso. *Tutti. ff marc.*

Violoncello e Basso. *Tutti. f marc.*

Cembalo. *pp mf*

Organo. *mf Man. I. II. f senza Ped.*

omnes, omnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o

o-mnes, o-mnes, o-mnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o

omnes, o-mnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o-nes, o-mnes, omnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o

o-mnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o-nes, o-mnes, omnes

omnes, o-mnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o-nes,

[illegible]

A

Musical score for a choral and instrumental ensemble. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. It features multiple staves, including vocal parts and piano accompaniment. The tempo and dynamics are marked as *ff marc.*, *f marc.*, *mf*, *cresc.*, *dim.*, *p*, and *legg.*. The lyrics are in Latin, starting with "mnes, omnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o".

Lyrics (from top to bottom):
 - mnes, omnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o - nes, o-mnes, o-mnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o -
 - nes, omnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o - nes, omnes, omnes
 o - nes,
 ge-ne-ra-ti-o - nes, omnes, omnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o - nes,
 nes, omnes, omnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o - nes,

The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The piano accompaniment features complex rhythmic patterns, including triplets and sixteenth notes. The vocal parts are written in a clear, legible font.

The score is divided into two systems, with the first system starting at measure 1 and the second system starting at measure 11. The first system ends with a double bar line, and the second system ends with a double bar line.

A

Musical score page 32, featuring multiple staves of music. The notation includes various dynamics such as *p*, *mf*, *f*, *ff*, *marc.*, and *legg.*. The bottom section contains vocal parts with the following lyrics:

- nes, o-mnes, o-mnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o - nes, o-mnes ge-ne-ra-ti-
 ge-ne-ra-ti-o - nes, o-mnes, omnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o -
 o-mnes, o-mnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o - nes, o-mnes, omnes
 o-mnes, o-mnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o - nes, o-mnes, omnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o -
 o-mnes, o-mnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o - nes, o-mnes, omnes ge-ne-ra-ti-o -

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Nº 5. Quia fecit mihi magna. (Arie für Baß.)

Basso solo.

Violoncello e Basso.

Cembalo.

Moderato.

Tutti. *mf espr.* *piu f* *rit.*

p dolce *mf*

Quia fe- cit mi- hi magna, quia fe- cit mihi

a tempo *Ein Pult* *Tutti* *Ein Pult*

p C. B. pizz. *mf teneramente* C. B. coll'arco *p* C. B. pizz.

magna, qui po- tens, qui po- tens est;

mf C. B. coll'arco *espr.* *cresc.* *f* *Tutti* *espr.*

quia fe- cit mi- hi ma- gna, qui po- tens est, et sanctum no- men

mf *Ein Pult* *mf*

e - jus, et san - ctum nomen, et sanctum nomen e - jus, san - ctum nomen e - jus, san - ctum

piu f *p*

no - men e - jus, et san - ctum no - men e - jus; qui - a fe - cit mi - hi

cresc. *mf dolce* *Tutti* *Ein Pult* *espr.* *p*

ma - gna, qui po - tens est, et san - ctum no - men, san - ctum no - men e -

mf *cresc.* *f* *rall.*

a tempo

jus.

Tutti *f* *piu f* *ritard.* *p*

a tempo

f *ritard.* *p*

Nº 6. Et misericordia. (Duett für Alt und Tenor.)

Larghetto, con gran espressione.

Flauto traverso I.

Flauto traverso II.

Violino I.
con sordino.Violino II.
con sordino.Viola.
con sordino.

Alto.

Tenore.

Violoncello e Basso.
con sordino.

Cembalo.

Tutti
pp *espr.* *cresc.* *f* *pp*

Tutti *pp* *espr.* *cresc.* *f* *pp*

Tutti *pp* *espr.* *cresc.* *f* *pp*

Tutti *pp* *espr.* *cresc.* *f* *pp*

pp *espr.* *cresc.* *f* *pp* *pp dolce*

pp dolce

Tutti *pp* *cresc.* *f* *pp* *C. B. pizz.*

pp *espr.* *cresc.* *f* *pp*

simile

p *p* *p* *p* *p*

cor-di-a, mi-se-ri cor-di-a a pro-ge-ni-e in pro-ge-ni-es,

cor-di-a mi-se-ri cor-di-a a pro-ge-ni-e in pro-ge-ni-es, in pro-ge-ni-es,

Tutti *p* *C. B. coll' arco*

A

et mi-se-ri-cor-di-a, mi-se-ri-cor-di-a a proge-nie
et mi-se-ri-cor-di-a, mi-se-ri-cor-di-a a proge-nie
Ein Pult

[illegible]

ritard. - - - Sostenuto.

p cresc. f pp

p cresc. f pp

p cresc. f pp

p cresc. f pp

p espr. f pp

mf f p

e - um, ti-men - ti - bus, ti - men - ti - bus, ti - menti-bus e - um, ti - men -

mf f p

e - um, ti-men - ti - bus, ti - men - ti - bus, ti - menti-bus e - um, ti -

C. B. coll' arco *p cresc. f pp C. B. pizz.*

p cresc. f pp delicatamente

D

a tempo rall. - -

pp espr. cresc. f pp

pp espr. cresc. f pp

pp espr. cresc. f pp

pp espr. cresc. f pp

pp espr. cresc. f pp

pp

- tibus e um.

men - tibus e um.

C. B. coll' arco *pp cresc. f pp*

pp cresc. f pp

D

Nº 7. Fecit potentiam. (Chor.)

Allegro energico.

Tromba I in D.
 Tromba II in D.
 Tromba III in D.
 Timpani in $\text{F}\sharp$
 Flauto traverso I.
 Flauto traverso II.
 Oboe I.
 Oboe II.
 Fagotto.
 Violino I.
 senza sordino.
 Violino II.
 senza sordino.
 Viola.
 senza sordino.
 Soprano I.
 Soprano II.
 Alto.
 Tenore.
 Basso.
 Violoncello e Basso.
 senza sordino.
 Cembalo.
 Organo.
 Man. I.
 Ped. *f*

fe-cit po-ten - ti-am, fe-cit po-ten - ti-am,
 fe-cit po-ten - ti-am, fe-cit po-ten - ti-am,
ff marco.
 fe-cit po-ten -
 - ti-am in bra- - chio su-o, po-ten - ti-am, fe-cit po-ten - ti-am in bra- - chio su-
 fe-cit po-ten - ti-am, fe-cit po-ten - ti-am,
simile
 I *f* II *mp*

fe - cit po - ten - ti - am, fe - cit po - ten - ti - am,

ff marc.
fe - cit po - ten - ti - am in bra - chio su - o, po - ten - ti - am, fe - cit po - ten - ti - am in bra - chio su - o, di - sper - sit, fecit po - ten - ti - am, fe - cit po - ten - ti - am, di - sper - sit, dispersit,

II mf

[illegible]

fe-cit po-ten-tiam, di-sper-sit, fecit po-ten-tiam, di-sper-sit, di-sper-sit, di-sper-sit, in bra-chi-o su-o, fecit po-ten-tiam, in bra-chi-o su-o

I. *piu f* II. *f*

B

- ti - am in bra - - chi-o su-o, po - ten - tiam, fe - cit po - ten - tiam *marc.* in bra - - chi-o su -
 di - sper - - sit, fecit po - ten - tiam, fe - cit po - ten - tiam, di - spersit, di - spersit, *marc.* di -
 spersit, di - sper - - sit, fecit po - ten - tiam, fe - cit po - ten - tiam, di - sper - *sempre marc.* sit, dispersit,
 di - sper - sit, di - spersit, fe - cit po - ten - tiam, fe - cit po - ten - tiam, di - spersit, di - spersit, di -
 o, di - sper - - sit, fecit po - ten - tiam, fe - cit po - ten - tiam, di - spersit, di - spersit,

fff marc. atissimo
ff sempre

B

poco a poco string. -

poco a poco string. -
 mf
 cresc.
 sempre f
 marc.
 o, di - sper - sit, di - sper - sit, di - spersit, di - spersit
 spersit, di - sper - sit, di - sper - sit, dispersit, di - spersit
 di - sper - sit, dispersit, di - spersit, sit, di - sper - sit, di - spersit,
 di - spersit, di - spersit, di - sper - sit, dispersit, dispersit
 cresc. e string.
 ff dim. mp cresc. molto
 poco a poco string. -

Adagio.

rit. -

su-perbos men - te cor-dis su - - i, men - te cor-dis su - - i.
 su-perbos men - te cor-dis su - - i, men - te cor-dis su - - i.
 spersit su-perbos men - te cor-dis su - - i, men - te cor-dis su - - i.
 di - spersit su-perbos men - te cor-dis su - - i, men - te cor-dis su - - i.
 su-perbos men - te cor-dis su - - i, men - te cor-dis su - - i.

Adagio. rit. - attacca N° 8.

No 8. Deposuit. (Arie für Tenor).

Appassionato, ma non troppo allegro.

Violini I. II.
all' unisono.

Tenore solo.

Violoncello e Basso.

Cembalo.

Tutti.

sf

ten.

piu f marc.

mf

cresc.

ten.

mf

cresc.

ten.

mf

cresc.

ten.

ff

sfz

ten.

De - po -

Ein Pult.

mf

A

A

Zwei Pulte.

First system of the musical score. It includes a vocal line with lyrics "su - it, de - po - ten -" and a piano accompaniment. The vocal line features dynamic markings *f marc.*, *sf*, *f marc.*, *sf*, and *f*. The piano part includes a *ten.* (tension) marking. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 2/4.

Second system of the musical score. It includes a vocal line with lyrics "tes de se - de, et ex - al - ta -" and a piano accompaniment. The vocal line features dynamic markings *ten.*, *sempre f*, *sf*, *mf*, and *sf*. The piano part includes a *f marc.* marking and a *marc. più f* marking. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 2/4.

Third system of the musical score. It includes a vocal line with lyrics "vit hu - mi -" and a piano accompaniment. The vocal line features dynamic markings *f*, *sf*, *cresc.*, and *ff*. The piano part includes a *cresc.* marking. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 2/4.

Fourth system of the musical score. It includes a vocal line with lyrics "les; Tutti." and a piano accompaniment. The vocal line features dynamic markings *f*, *ten.*, and *ten.*. The piano part includes a *f* marking. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 2/4.

ten. *tr* **B** *Zwei Pulte.* *f* *sfz*

ten. *f* *Ein Pult.* *ten.*

mf **B**

de - po - su - it, de -

f *sfz*

ten. *mf* *f*

po - su - it po - ten - tes de -

mf *cresc.* *sfz*

ten. *cresc.* *sfz*

mf *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

se - de, et ex - al - ta -

Un pochettino più tranquillo.

mf *espr.*

mf

- vit, et ex - al - ta - vit hu - mi - les,

Tutti.

et ex - al - ta - vit hu - mi -

ten. *ten.* *coll parte* *coll parte*

Tempo I.

les. *Tutti.* *ten.* *ten.* *ten.*

piu f marc. *ten.* *mf* *mf*

cresc. *ten.* *senza rit.* *ff marc.* *sf* *ff*

attacca No 9.

Nº9. Esurientes (Arie für Alt).

Amabile e con tenerezza.

Ein Bläser.

Flauto traverso I. *p dolce e gracioso*

Ein Bläser.

Flauto traverso II. *p dolce e gracioso*

Alto.

Ein Pult.

Violoncello e Basso. *pizz. p*

Cembalo. *arpegg. pp pp*

espr.

espr.

p

A

dim. *tr.* *pp* *dolce*

dim. *tr.* *pp* *dolce*

p

E - su - ri - en - tes im - ple - - - vit bo - nis,

pp *pp*

A

p *mp* *mf*

e - su - ri - en - tes im - ple - - - vit bo - nis, et di - vi - tes di - mi - sit, et

espr. *poco f* *p* *pp*

di - vi - tes di - mi - sit, di - mi - sit in - a - nes, et di - vi - tes di - mi - - - sit in -

B *p* *dolce e gracioso*

a - - - nes, di - mi - sit in - a - - nes;

pp

B *p* *pp*

e - su - - ri - en - tes in -

ple - - - vit bo-nis, e - su - ri-en-tes im - ple - vit bo -

pp *tr* *mp* *mf* *p*

p dolce e gracioso

p dolce e gracioso

- nis, im - ple -

p

p espr. *mp* *mf*

- vit bo-nis, et di - vi - tes di - mi - sit, et di - vi - tes di -

p

mi - sit, di - mi - - sit in - a - nes, di - mi - sit in - a - nes, di - mi - sit in - a - -

f *poco* *mf* *rall.* -

Violoncelli coll' arco

f *p* *espr.* *poco rall.* *f* *p*

Tempo I.

p dolce e gracioso *espr.*

p dolce e gracioso

p

nes.

Violoncelli pizz.

p *pp*

rit. *tr.* *dim.* *morendo ppp*

tr. *dim.* *morendo ppp*

p *pp* *ppp*

p *rit.* *ppp*

No 10. Suscepit Israel (Terzett für Solosopran I, II und Alt).

Tranquillo molto, ma sempre con gran espressione.

Oboe I. II.
all' unisono.

Zwei Bläser.

Soprano I.
Solo. *mp* *mf* *p* *mf*

Soprano II.
Solo. *mp* *mf*

Alto.
Solo. *mf*

Violoncelli.
Tutti. *p*

Cembalo.
p arpegg.

f ma dolce
mf

cresc.

rit.

dim. *p* *cresc.* *ed espr.* *f*

rit.

A

A

Lyrics:
Su - sce - pit I - - sra-el pu - e - rum su - - um, su - sce - pit
I - - sra-el, su - sce - pit I - - sra-el, su - sce - pit I - - sra-el, su - sce - pit
su - - um, su - sce - pit I - - sra-el, su - sce - pit I - - sra-el, su - sce - pit I - - sra-el
su - sce - pit I - - sra-el, su - sce - pit I - - sra-el pu - e - rum su - um, su -
sce - pit I - - sra-el, su - sce - pit I - - sra-el pu - e - rum su -
sce - pit I - - sra-el, su - sce - pit I - - sra-el pu - e - rum su -
sce - pit I - - sra-el, su - sce - pit I - - sra-el pu - e - rum su -

a tempo

um, re - cor - da - tus mi - se - ri - cor -

um, re - cor - da - tus mi - se - ri - cor - di -

um, re - cor - da - tus mi - se - ri - cor -

a tempo

B

di - ae su - ae, re - cor - da - tus mi - se - ri - cor -

ae, re - cor - da - tus mi - se - ri - cor - di - ae, mi - se - ri -

di - ae, re - cor - da - tus mi - se - ri - cor - di -

ed espr. f dim.

B

di - ae su - ae, mi - se - ri - cor - di - ae su - ae.

cor di - ae su - ae.

ae, mi - se - ri - cor - di - ae, mi - se - ri - cor - di - ae su - ae.

rit.

Nº 11. Sicut locutus est. (Chor)

Allegro moderato.

Soprano I.

Soprano II.

Alto.

Tenore.

Basso.

Violoncello e Basso.

Organo.

senza Ped.

Tutti *f* Si - cut lo - - cu - - - tus

Tutti *f* Si - cut lo - cu - - - tus est ad pa-tres no - - stros, A - bra-ham et se-mi-ni

Tutti *f* Si - cut lo - cu - - - tus est ad pa-tres no - - stros, A - bra-

Tutti *f marc.* Si - cut lo -

Tutti *f marc.* Si - cut lo - cu - - - tus est ad pa-tres no - - stros, A - bra-

mf est ad pa-tres no - - stros, A - bra-ham et se-mi-ni e - - jus in se - cu - la, si-cut lo -

f marc. e - - jus in se - cu - la, si-cut lo - cu - tus est in se - cu - la, si -

f marc. *mf*

Tutti *f marc.* Si - cut lo -

Tutti *f marc.* Si - cut lo - cu - - - tus est ad pa-tres no - - stros, A - bra-

mf est ad pa-tres no - - stros, A - bra-ham et se-mi-ni e - - jus in se - cu - la, si-cut lo -

f marc. e - - jus in se - cu - la, si-cut lo - cu - tus est in se - cu - la, si -

f marc. *mf*

cu - - tus est ad pa - tres no - - stros, A - bra - ham et se - mi - ni e - - jus in se - cu -

ham et se - mi - ni e - - jus in se - cu - la, in se - - cu - - la, in se - - - cu -

cu - tus est in se - cu - la, si - cut lo - cu - tus est ad pa - tres no - -

cut lo - cu - tus est ad pa - tres no - - stros, si - cut lo - cu - tus est in se - cu -

cresc. f marc.

cresc. f dim. con Ped.

A

Tutti *f marc.*

Si - cut lo - - cu - - tus est ad pa - tres no - - stros, A - bra - ham et se - mi - ni

la, A - bra - ham et se - mi - ni e - - jus in se - - cu - la, si - cut lo - - cu - - tus

la, si - cut lo - - cu - - tus

stros, si - cut lo - cu - tus est in se - - cu - la,

la,

mp cresc. f marc.

A

mp

A

mf marc.

mf *f* **B** *p* *mf* *cresc.*

si - cut lo - -cu - tus est in se - cu - la, A - bra - ham et se - mi - ni e - jus, A - bra - ham et se - mi - ni

cut lo - cu - tus est ad pa - tres no - -stros, A - bra - ham, A - bra - ham et se - mi - ni e - jus, A - bra -

ff marc. *p* *mf*

cu - tus est in se - cu - la, A - bra - ham, A - bra - ham et se - mi - ni e - jus, A - bra -

ham et se - mi - ni e - - jus in se - cu - la, A - bra - ham, A - bra - ham et se - mi - ni e - jus, A - bra -

cu - - tus est ad pa - tres no - -stros, A - bra - ham, A - bra - ham et se - mi - ni e - jus, A - bra -

p *p* *mf cresc.*

p *cresc.*

B

espr.
e - jus in se - - - - - cu - - -

f
ham et se - mi - ni e - jus in se - - - - - cu - la, in se -

f
ham et se - mi - ni e - - - jus in se - - - - - cu - la, A - bra - ham et se - mi - ni

f
ham et se - mi - ni e - - - jus in se - - - - - cu - la, in

marc.
ham et se - mi - ni e - jus, se - mi - ni e - jus, se - mi - ni e - jus in se - cu - la, si - cut lo - - cu - - - tus

ff marc.

marc.

ff marc.

dim.

dim.

marc.

Ped.

C, *ff* *rit.* - - -

la, in se - cu - la, A - bra - ham et se - mi - ni e - jus in se - cu - - - la.

ff - cu - la, A - bra - ham et se - mi - ni e - jus in se - cu - - - la.

ff e - jus in se - cu - la, A - bra - ham et se - mi - ni e - jus in se - cu - - - la.

ff se - - - cu - la, A - bra - ham et se - mi - ni e - jus in se - cu - - - la.

ff est ad pa - tres no - - - stros A - bra - ham et se - - - mi - ni e - jus in se - cu - la.

ten.

rit.

rit.

C

This musical score is for the 'Gloria' from Liszt's 'Missa in D major'. It features a vocal ensemble (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and a piano accompaniment. The score is written in D major and 4/4 time. The vocal parts enter with a powerful 'Gloria' in the first system. The piano accompaniment provides a rhythmic and harmonic foundation, with the left hand often playing a steady eighth-note pattern. The score includes various musical notations such as dynamics (p, f, cresc.), articulation (accents), and phrasing slurs. The lyrics are in Latin, and the piece concludes with a final 'Gloria' in the last system.

[illegible]

This page of a musical score is for a large ensemble, likely a symphony or concert band. It features 18 staves in total, arranged in two systems of nine staves each. The notation is complex, with many triplets, slurs, and dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *marc.* (marcato). The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The score includes a variety of musical textures, from dense, fast-moving passages to more melodic lines. The bottom of the page contains lyrics in Latin, which are repeated across several staves.

si-cut e-rat in prin-ci-pi-o, in prin-ci-pi-o, et
 si-cut e-rat in prin-ci-pi-o, in prin-ci-pi-o, et
 si-cut e-rat in prin-ci-pi-o, in prin-ci-pi-o, et
 si-cut e-rat in prin-ci-pi-o, in prin-ci-pi-o, et

nunc, nunc et sem-per et in se-cu-la, et in se-cu-la se-cu-
 nunc, nunc et sem-per et in se-cu-la,
 nunc, nunc et sem-per et in se-cu-la, et in se-cu-la se-cu-
 nunc, nunc et sem-per et in se-cu-la,
 nunc, nunc et sem-per et in se-cu-la,

f marc. sempre *sf* *marc.*

A poco a poco stringendo - - -

The musical score is for a string orchestra and a vocal soloist. The key signature is D major (two sharps) and the time signature is 4/4. The tempo/mood is indicated as "A poco a poco stringendo".

String Orchestra:

- Violins:** First and second staves. They play a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes, starting with a forte (*f*) dynamic and marked *cresc.* (crescendo).
- Violas:** Third staff. They play a similar rhythmic pattern, also marked *f* and *cresc.*
- Cellos and Double Basses:** Fourth and fifth staves. They play a slower, more melodic line, marked *ff marc.* (fortissimo marcato) and *ff sempre* (fortissimo sempre).

Vocal Soloist:

- Enters in the third measure with the lyrics: "lo - et in se-cu-la se-cu-lo".
- The vocal line is marked *f marc.* and *ff sempre*.

Performance Instructions:

- lo*: The first vocal note.
- et in se-cu-la se-cu-lo*: The vocal melody.
- poco a poco cresc.*: A gradual crescendo instruction for the strings.
- A con Ped. poco a poco stringendo*: A final instruction at the bottom of the page, indicating a pedal point and further stringing.

This is a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony, featuring multiple staves with complex notation. The score includes various musical elements such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. Key markings include "marc." (marcato), "cresc." (crescendo), and "con tutta forza" (with all the force). The tempo markings "rit." (ritardando) and "a tempo" are also present. The notation is dense, with many notes and rests, and the overall style is characteristic of 19th-century musical notation. The page is numbered "71" in the top right corner.

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